



Division of Education, Arts and Social Sciences

Higher Degrees by Research Forum

7 – 8 August, 2009 Magill South Australia

Individualism versus collectivism in motivations for contribution to open content projects

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Key Words: Motivation, open content, Wikibooks, culture, Hofstede, individualism

Open content web pages allow individuals to write and share their ideas and knowledge with others. 'Open content textbooks', such as *Wikibooks*, is a recent evolution of open content movement revolution. Individuals who contribute to open content textbooks have different motivators. While most individuals inspired to write to open textbooks because they want to make learning contributions and learn new ideas, others take the opportunity to publish their work and network with others (Sajjapanroj et al. 2008). Although individuals regulate their behaviour in relation to others (Markus & Kitayama 1991), the orientation of their goals differs from individualist to collectivist cultures (Hofstede 2001). Pfeil et al. (2006) explored in their study on *Wikipedia*, an open content encyclopedia, that individuals from higher individualism countries are less likely to clarify or add into its content, and vice versa.

Extending Sajjapanroj et al. (2008) and Pfeil et al. (2006) research, contributors to Wikibooks were surveyed, using web-based questionnaire, about their writing motivations. The analysis explored that motivations of contributors from individualist culture are more self-oriented while contributors from collectivist culture consider more their communities. This research investigated contributors to Arabic and English pages of Wikibooks, mainly from eight countries. Therefore the results may not be generalized to contributors from other countries who write to other language versions of Wikibooks before further research.

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Ву

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Presented at
UniSA EAS Forum
Adelaide 8 August 2009

Open textbooks are an openly-licensed textbooks offered online by their author(s).

The open license allows users to:

- read the textbook online
- download and use the textbook
- print the textbook at no cost
- distribute the textbook

However, some open textbooks' authors allow textbooks' users to:

- add to the content of textbooks
- edit the content of textbooks
- redistribute the textbooks

The famous example of these open textbooks websites is

Number of Articles 110000

Number of Languages 120

Number of Subscribers 240











a muttunguat rree encyclopedia

Wiktionary
['wiksənri] n.,
a wiki-based Open
Content dictionary

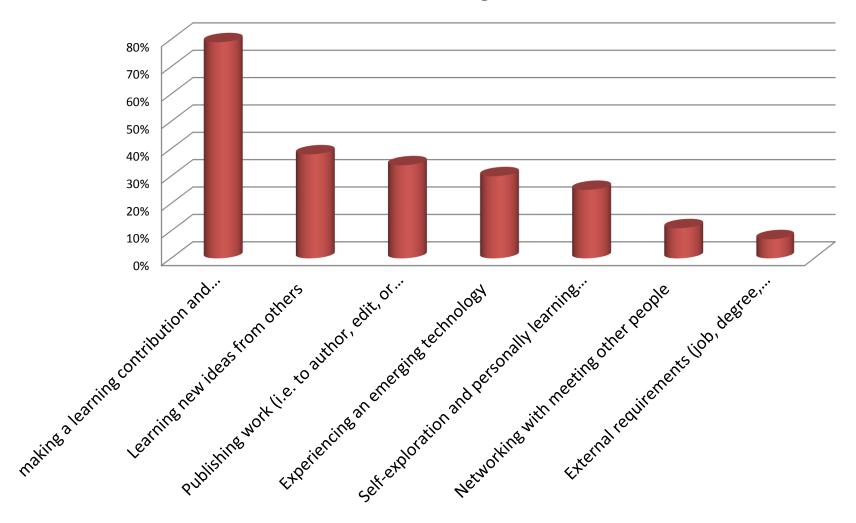
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Sajjapanroj et al. (2008):

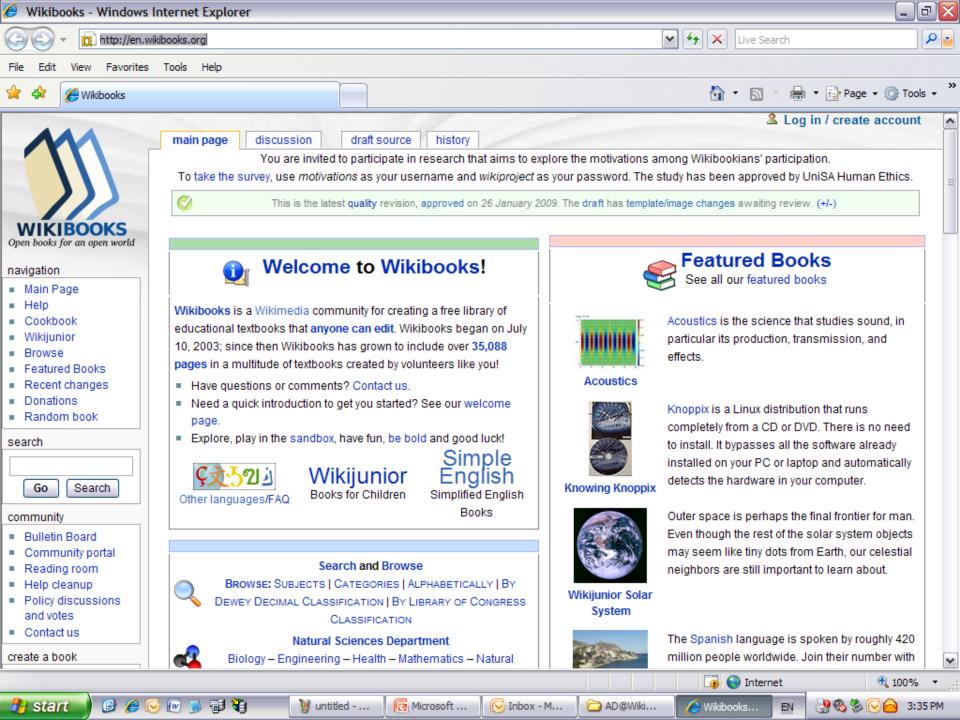
Online survey: 80 responses out of 1,500 invitations sent to Registered users of the *English* pages of Wikibooks

Reasons for contributing to Wikibooks



Pfeil et al. (2006) found that the contribution patterns to Wikipedia differ across cultures

Contributor Activities	Dutch	French	German	Japanese	Average
Add Link	34.78%	19.81%	24.27%	33.86%	0.28
Format	17.39%	16.51%	15.21%	18.11%	0.17
Add Information	7.61%	10.61%	13.27%	18.11%	0.12
Fix Link	9.78%	11.79%	9.71%	5.51%	0.09
Clarify Information	5.43%	5.90%	8.41%	7.87%	0.07
Spelling	6.52%	10.85%	2.27%	2.36%	0.06
Grammar	4.35%	9.20%	3.56%	0.00%	0.04
Delete Link	4.35%	3.54%	5.18%	3.94%	0.04
Delete Information	2.17%	1.89%	3.24%	2.36%	0.02
Other activities	7.620%	9.900%	14.880%	7.880%	
Individualism score	80	71	67	46	



Online questionnaire

6 reasons for contribution

- Enjoyment
- The impact of friends
- Helping poor people
- Publishing the individual's work
- The use of free time
- The aim of creating educational resources

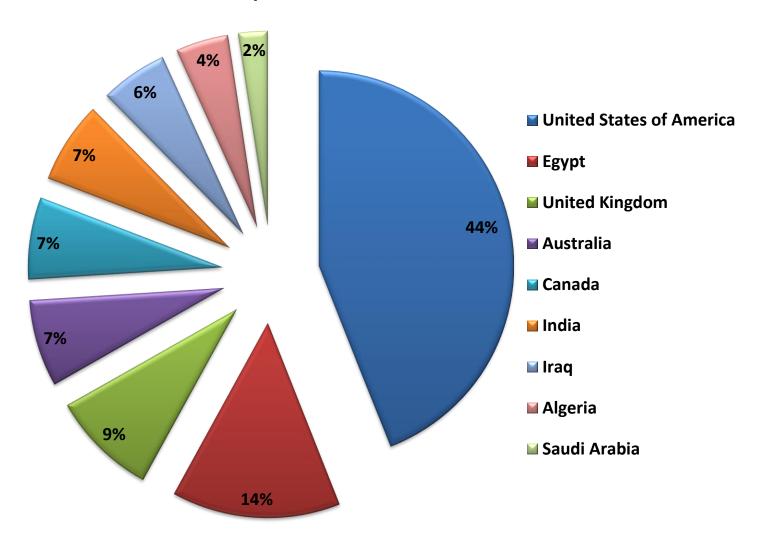
Intrinsic motivation

Extrinsic motivation

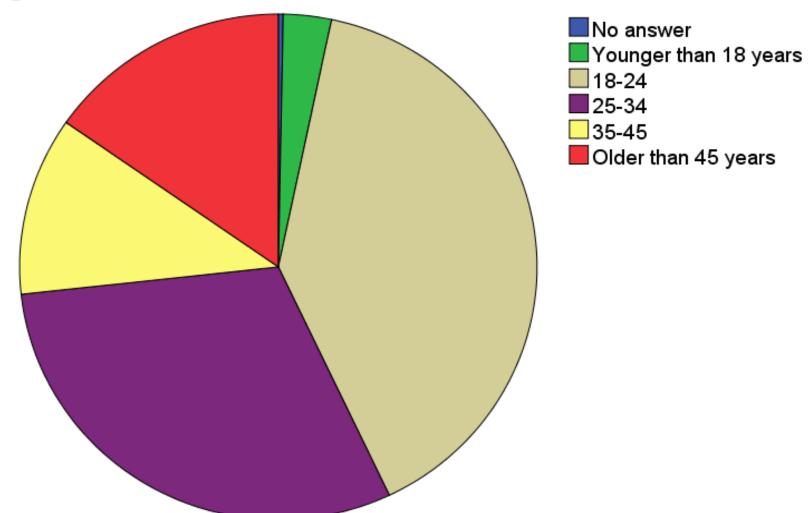
Enjoyment,
Publishing work
The use of free time

The impact of friends
Helping poor people
Creating educational resources

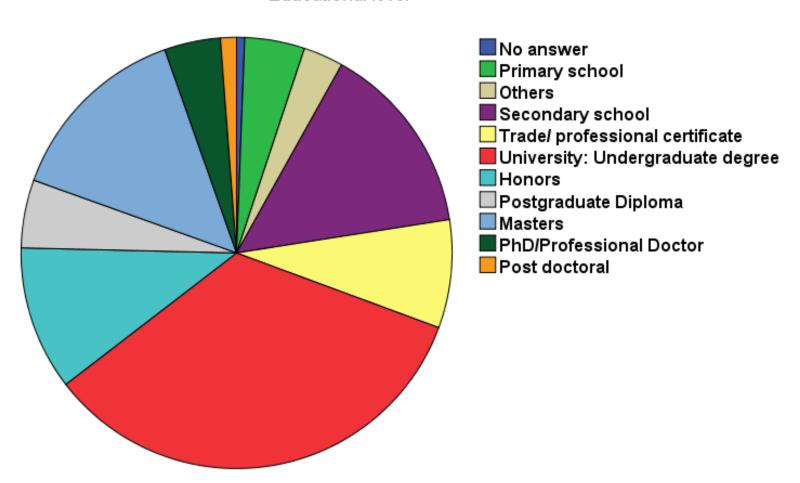
250 Responses out of 371

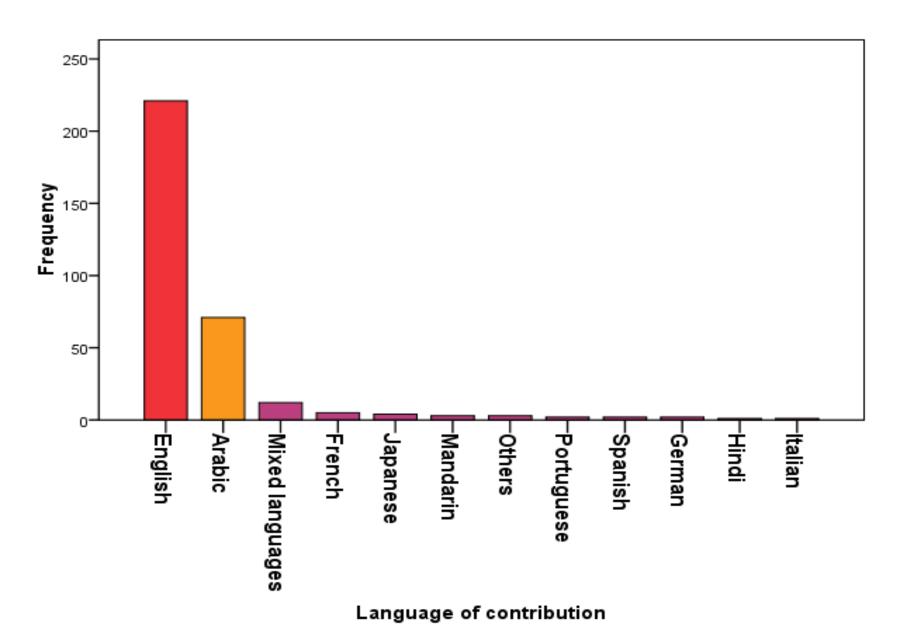




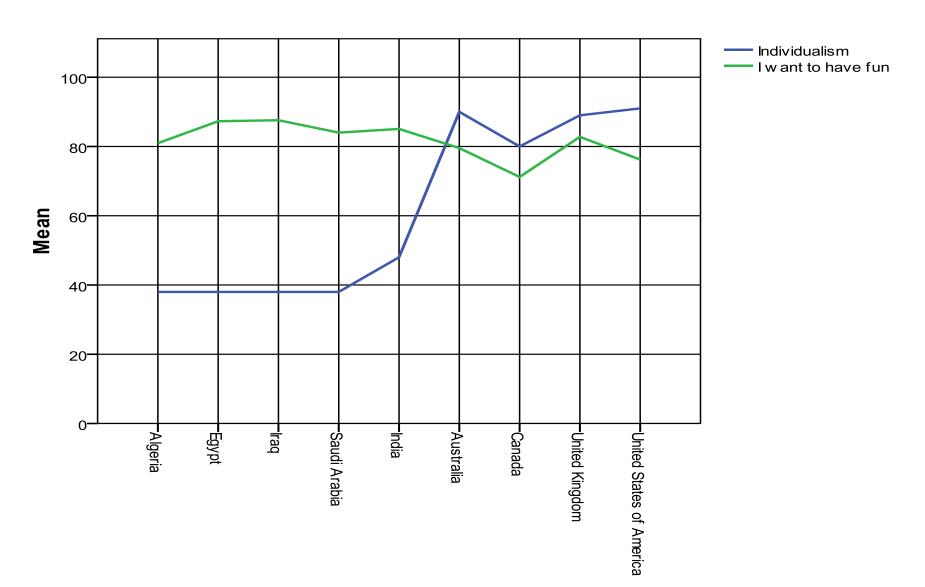


Educational level



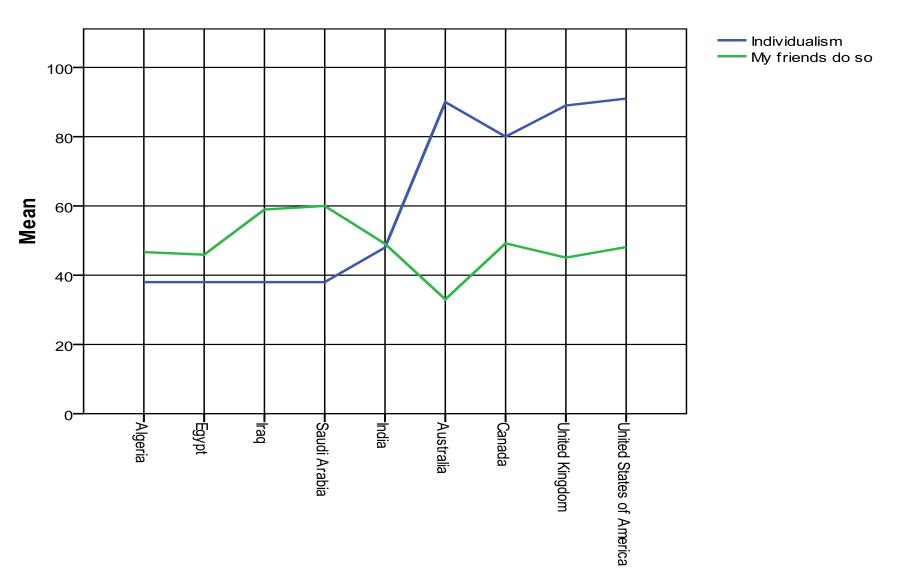


Enjoyment



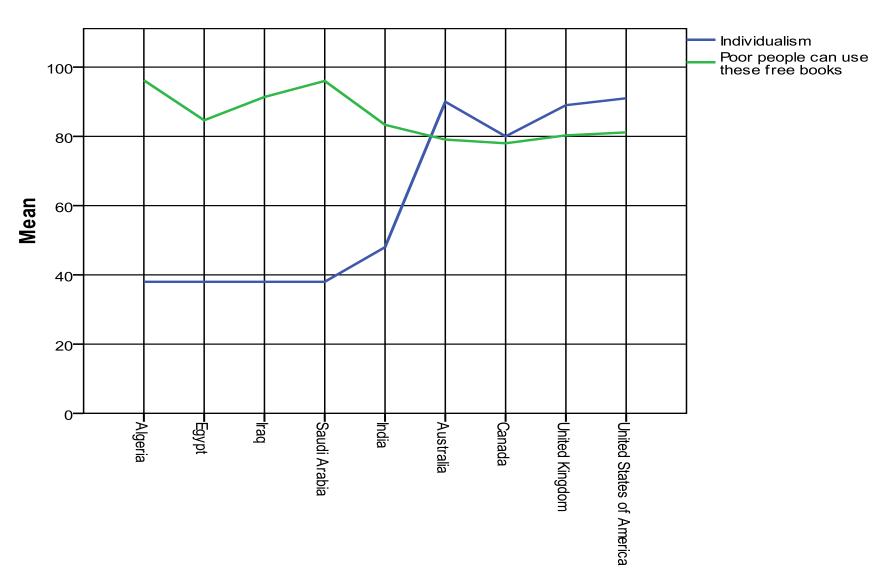
Country

The impact of friends



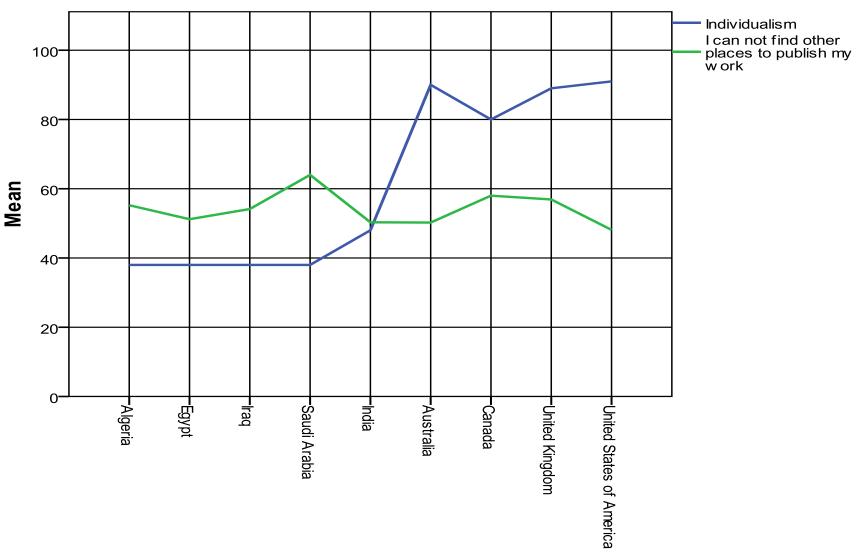
Country

Helping 'poor' people



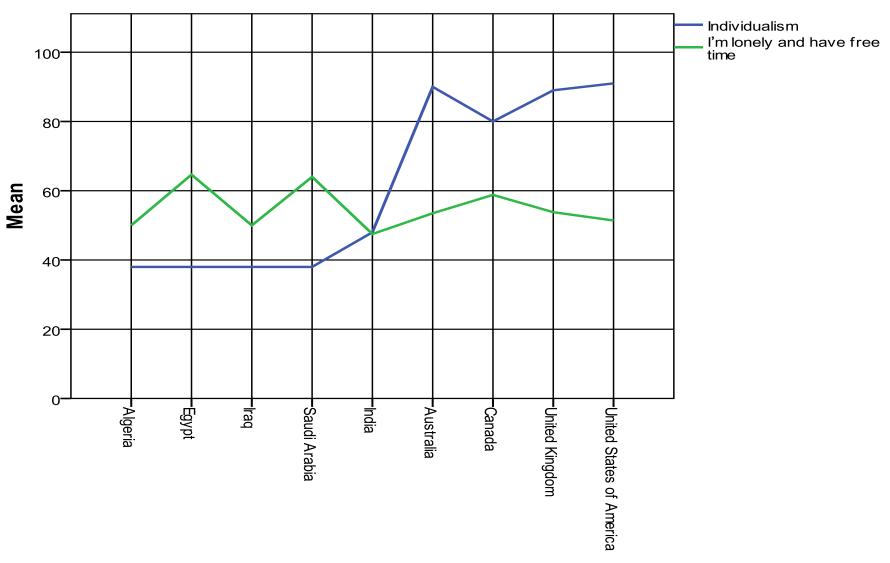
Country

Publishing the individuals' work



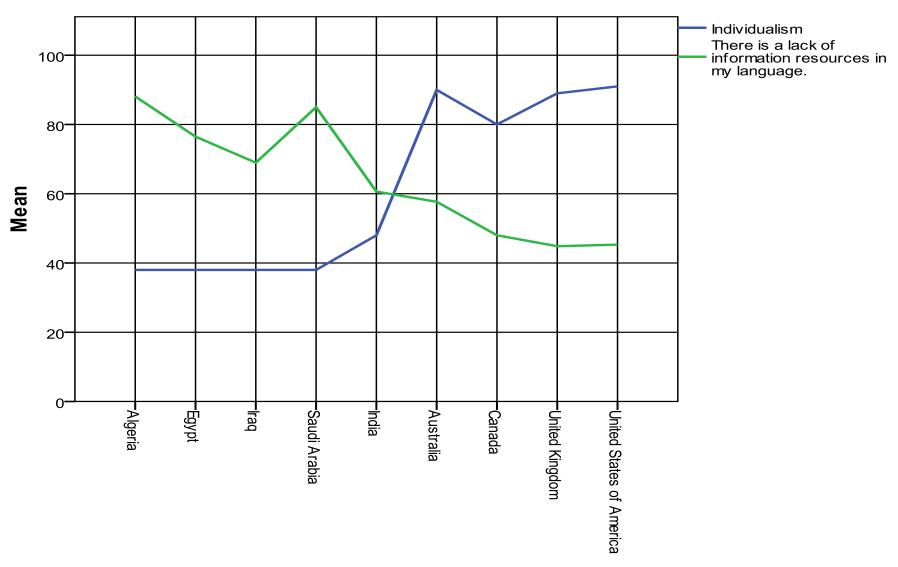
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The use of free time



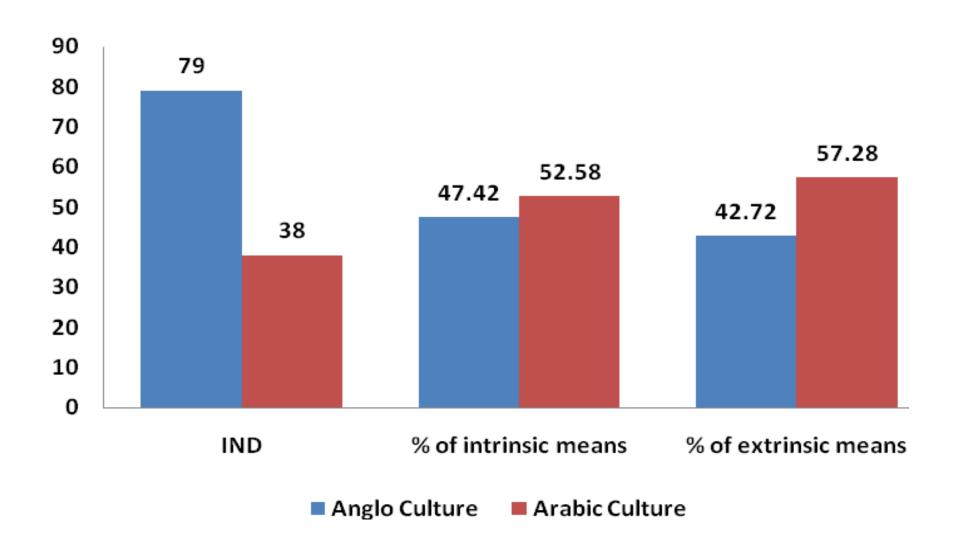
Country

The aim of creating educational resources



Country

Intrinsic and Extrinsic Motivation In Anglo and Arabic Culture



Hofstede argued that individualists culture, individuals seek to achieve their personal goals (intrinsic orientation), while in collectivists culture individuals consider their communities when they setup their goals (extrinsic orientation)

This study shows:

- 1) In individualist culture:
 - I want to have fun
 - I feel lonely
 - I want to publish
- 2) In collectivist culture:
 - Poor people
 - Friends
 - Lack of resources

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